Rethinking science and innovation in the era of datification 23 May, 2019

Dr. Penny Walters

Small trees, big data

12-12.40pm

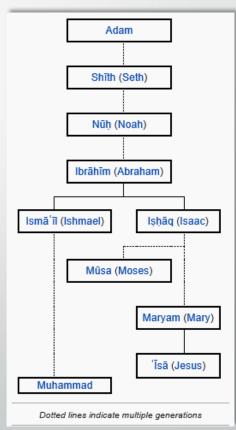
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All cultures & religions have impressive recorded lineages

- there is prestige with lineage traced far back in time
- used to prove entitlement to land & power
- now a popular hobby

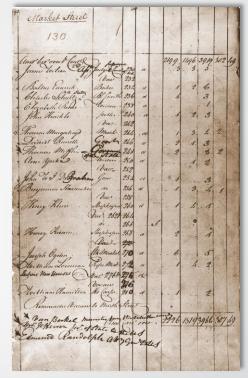
Isaac the and Jacob the his brothers, and Judah the father of Perez and Zerah by Tamar, and Perez the father of Hezron and Hezron the father of Ram. and Ram the father of Amminadab, and Amminadab the father of Nahshon, and Nahshon the father of Salmon, and Salmon the father of Boaz by Rahab, and Boaz the father of Obed by Ruth, and Obed the father of Jesse, and Jesse the father of David the king. And David was the father of Solomon by the wife of Uriah, and Solomon the father of Rehoboam, and Rehoboam the father of Abijah, and Abijah the father of Asaph, and Asaph the father of Jehoshaphat, and Jehoshaphat the father of Joram, and Joram the father of Uzziah, and Uzziah the father of Jotham, and Jotham the father of Ahaz, and Ahaz the father of Hezekiah, and Hezekiah the father of Manasseh, and Manasseh the father of Amos, and Amos the father of Josiah, and Josiah the father of Jechoniah and his brothers, at the time of the deportation to Babylon.And after the deportation to Babylon: Jechoniah was the father of Shealtiel, and Shealtiel the father of Zerubbabel, and Zerubbabel the father of Abiud, and Abiud the father of Eliakim, and Eliakim the father of Azor, and Azor the father of Zadok, and Zadok the father of Achim, and Achim the father of Eliud, and Eliud the father of Eleazar, and Eleazar the father of Matthan, and Matthan the father of Jacob, and Jacob the father of Joseph





Utilising records

- with a combination of civil records & censuses, we can theoretically quickly go back to at least the 1800's with a paper trail
- the first American 10 yearly Census started 1790
- 10 yearly Censuses began in 1801 in the UK
- from 1837: people legally required to officially record births, marriages & deaths in England & Wales
- from 1855 in Scotland
- from 1864 in Ireland

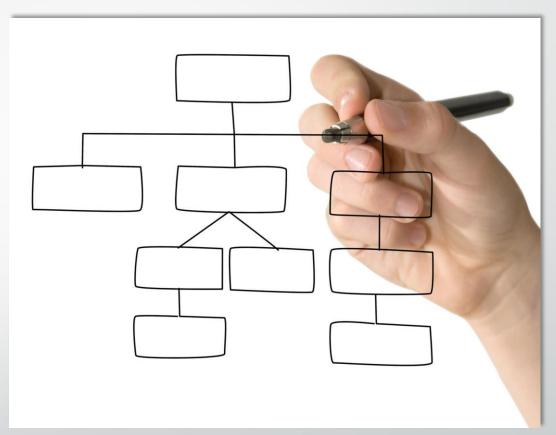


https://www.census.gov/history/www/through _the_decades/questionnaires/1790.html

Names	No of Familia	No of Malu	No of Females	Nº of Pesim Imployed in Agricult	Not Bowns Comployed in Taada	Not Persons with Longlows in Agricult or Taxable	Total No of Persons
George Fagean	1	1	3			4	4
Mary Divienzy	1	1	O NEEDS AND DESCRIPTION OF		1	,	2
Joseph Mowatt	1	1	11			12	12
Mary Cooper (Compty)	.,	,	3			4	4
Micia Ster Dames Potter	1	ین ا	3	2		6	8
Catherine Sculthorpe	2		5			5	5
Sarah Furnside	1	3	59	For		62	62
Mel " Pleas & Co	1	1	4		1	4	5
Nicholas George	1	4	6			10	10
John Birks a Falling	7						
Gran Janes							
Lan Boads						6	16
Ann Peoper	2		6			0	
Theophile Merchant	- 1		1			-/-	

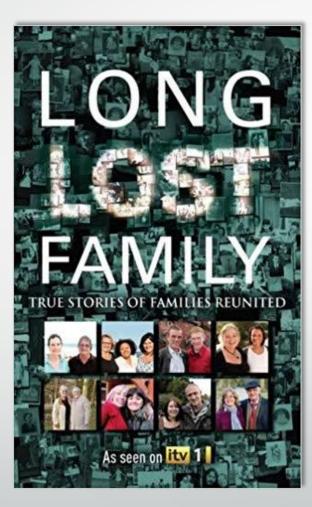
Recent surge in interest in compiling family trees

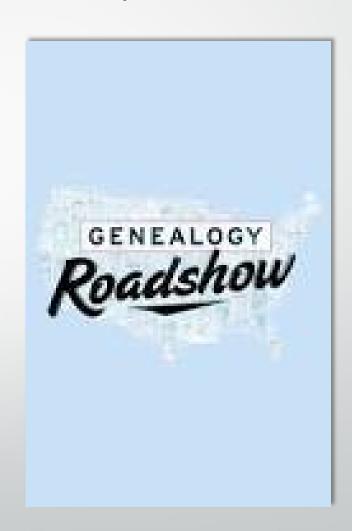
- interesting hobby
- accessibility of records on the internet
- feel older age approaching
- interest in (social) history generally
- forced fragmentation from family
- gives personal background context
- can leave a legacy for our descendants
- surge in TV 'searching' programmes
- saturated advertising of DNA testing
- adoptees may now feel 'forced' to search
- perhaps the (over?) use of the internet & social media has made us feel lonely?



TV programmes successfully search







Make it look easy...

How many relatives?

- if each of the ancestors in your family tree had 2.5 children (on average), you'd have about 8×1^{st} cousins & more than 110,0007th cousins
- if your ancestors averaged 4 children, you'd have over 6 million 7th cousins
- this means that we all must share living cousins - our sets of relatives have to overlap
- my ancestors had c12 children (no contraceptives)

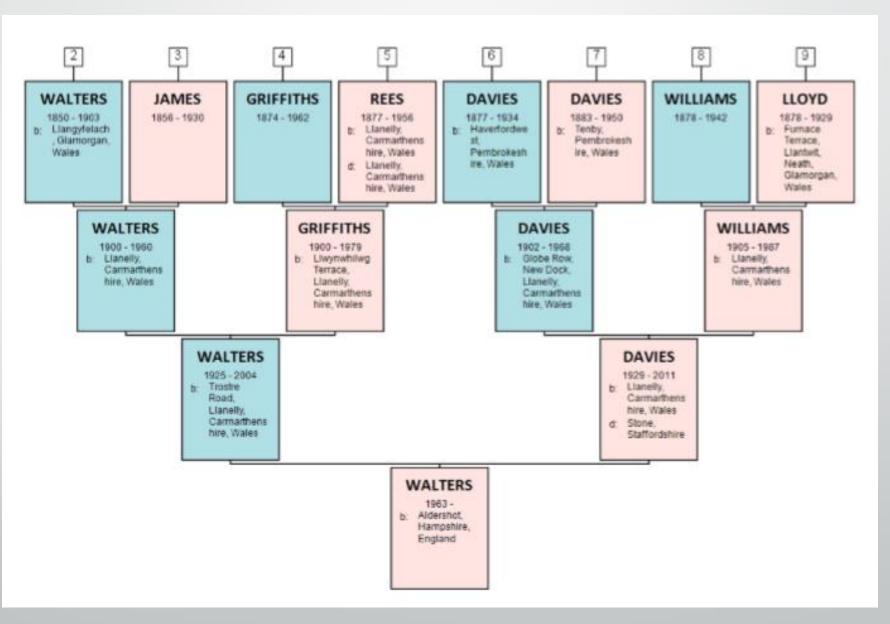


How many people are family historians searching for? How many people do they want to connect to?

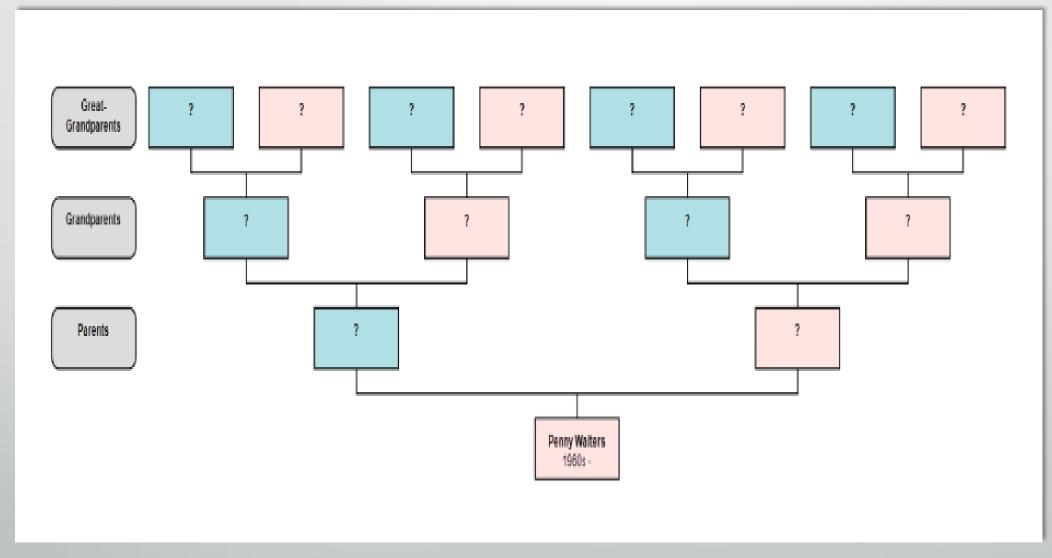
```
% overlap
generations ago
10 1,024 great great great great great great great great grandparents 0.1%
     9 512 great great great great great great grandparents 0.2%
       8 256 great great great great great grandparents 0.39%
          7 128 great great great great grandparents 0.78%
            6 64 great great great grandparents 1.56%
               5 32 great great grandparents 3.125%
                  4 16 great great grandparents 6.25%
                     3 8 great grandparents 12.5%
                         2 4 grandparents 25%
                              2 parents 50%
                                 self
```

My family tree

My mother knew about her and my father's parents & grand parents, had many photos, stories, bibles & original certificates



My biological family tree



not even actually my original name

New tool - DNA testing

- 20 billion records
- 100 million family trees
- 11 billion ancestor profiles

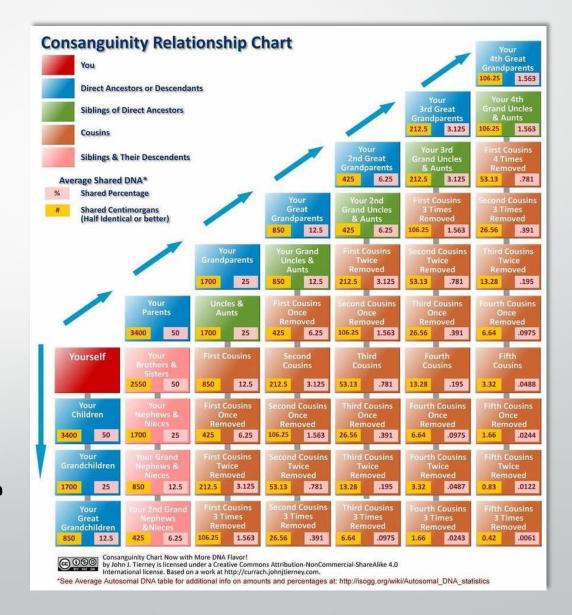
Ancestry® Surpasses 15
Million Members in its DNA
Network, Powering
Unparalleled Connections
and Insights

Press release today: 23 May, 2019

Relationship predictors

how 'related' are we to matches?...

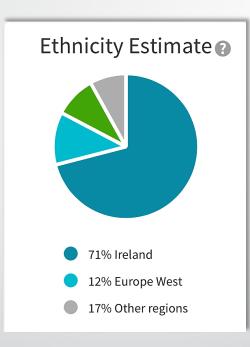
- named relationships
- percentage overlap/ centimorgans
- collaboration
- many people don't understand the jargon or implications & ask for help

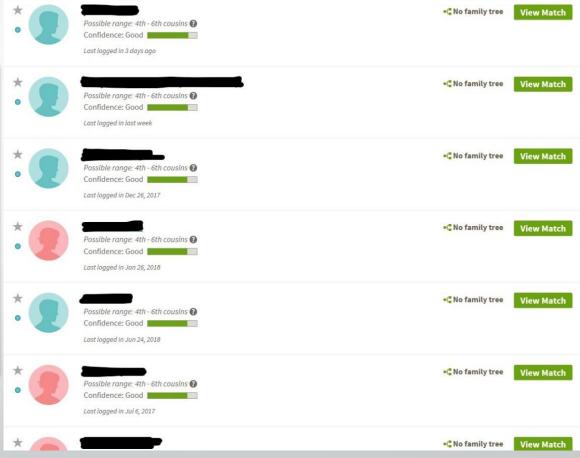


'ethnicity' estimates usually very exciting to see

- confirmation (or not) of known relatives
- collaborating with matches
- upload DNA toGEDmatch

DNA testing





DNA testing

advantages:

- statistical evidence how 'related' we are to matches
- named relationships
- percentage overlap
- can collaborate/ form relationships
- gold dust for adoptees

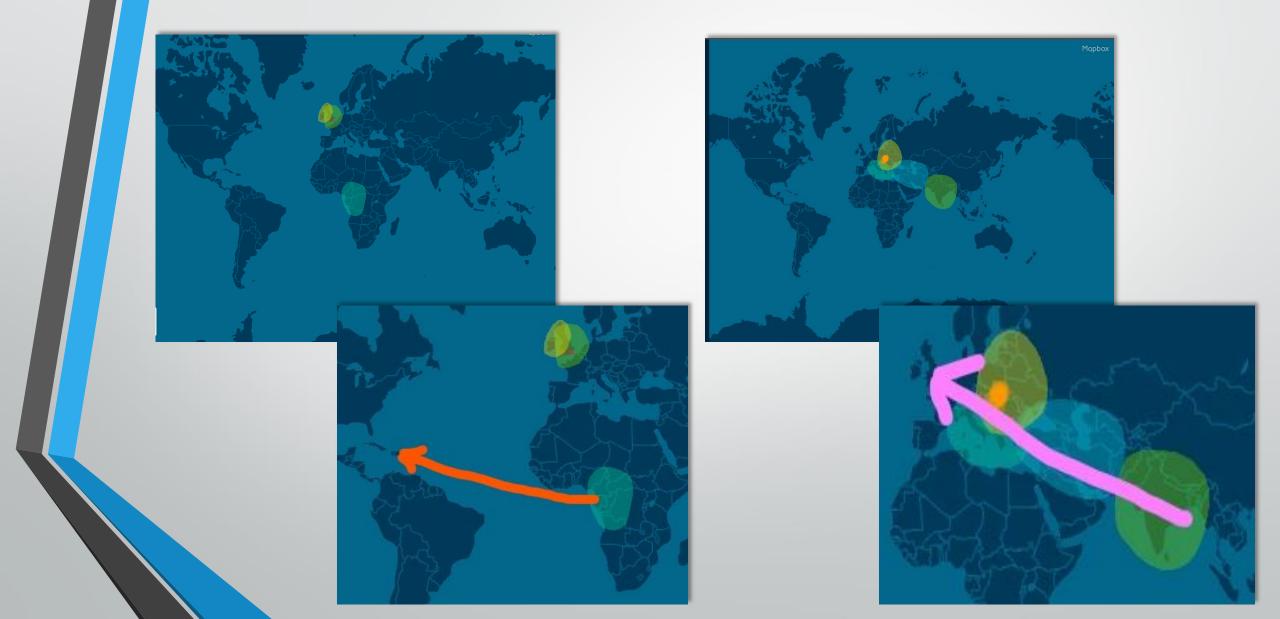




disadvantages:

- difficult jargon (centimorgans)
- implications
- unexpected results
- ethnicity
- paternity
- information databases
- unexpected uses (police)

Some relatively 'hidden' ethnicities



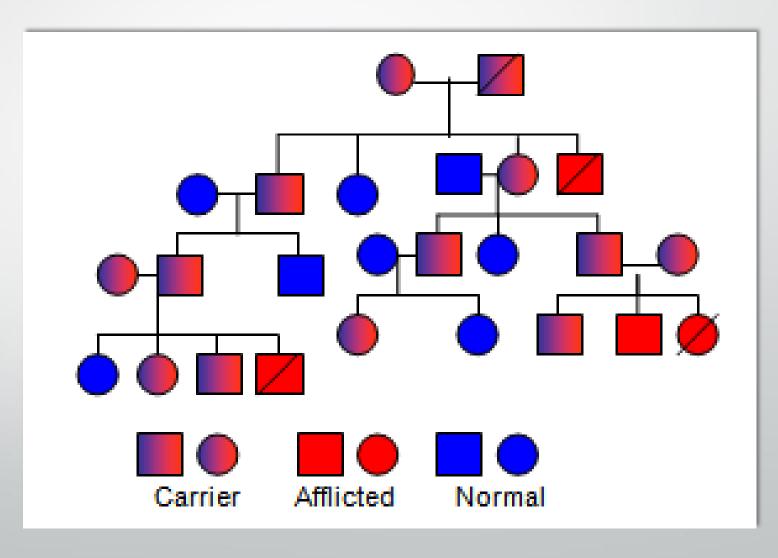
Non-genealogical uses of DNA: who's tree is it?

- law enforcement utilising DNA & online trees
- aprehended Joseph James DeAngelo, supposedly the 'Golden State Killer'
- any criminals in your family?...



Non-genealogical uses of DNA: altruistic or intrusion?

people contacting you with medical requests via online trees because of a DNA match



Health insights from DNA testing

results include information about:

- hereditary breast cancer
- late-onset Alzheimer's disease
- late-onset Parkinson's disease
- heart disease
- type 2 diabetes
- Tay-Sachs disease
- cystic fibrosis

One company's strapline:
'Commit to a healthier you,
inspired by your genes - with
125+ genetic reports'

is this information:

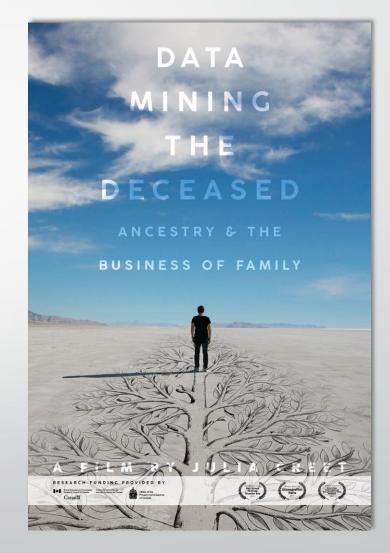
- informative?
- scary?
- designer babies?
- eugenics?

Who can access your digital genomic data

- soon you might be too scared to have your genome sequenced
- people don't read the privacy policies of direct-to-consumer DNA companies
- this is only 1 piece of a puzzle that will get much more connected
- as with any kind of personal data, there are a number of concerns regarding collection, transmission, storage & use
- unlike most other data, your genome reveals intimate information about not only you, but also the people to whom you are related

Data mining the deceased

- there is another side to the rise in genealogy that goes beyond human interest
- one of the largest data mining operations driven by big religion, big business & big technology
- 'Data Mining the Deceased' documentary that looks at individual & industry stakes in the phenomenon of family history



https://juliacreet.vhx.tv/

Ethical dilemmas

- what has ethics got to do with genealogy?
- 'I'm just researching my family, what possible problems could there be?'
- secrets; lies; errors in trees; DNA results; adoption; ethnicity; non genealogical use of data; solving crimes; health information; selling data





ethical issues can have legal implications



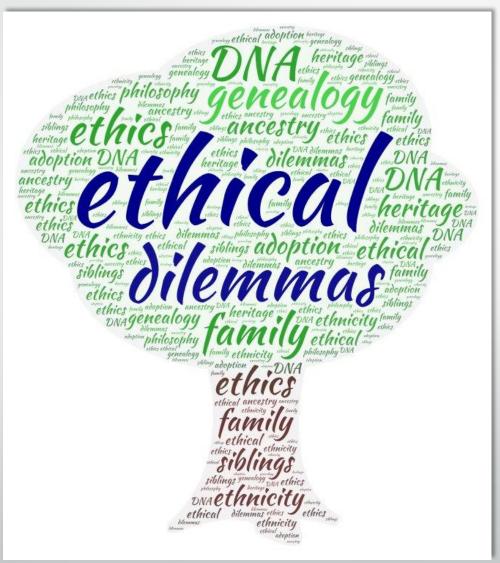
Stay in touch



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'Ethical Dilemmas in Genealogy'

Book now available



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